

Early Modern Britain and its Empire

Michael Hattem

Minor Orals Field

Prof. Steve Pincus

64 books

Civil Wars (9)

Why did England have a civil war?

Robert Brenner, *Merchants and Revolution* (1993)

Christopher Hill, *The English Revolution, 1640* (1940)

Ann Hughes, *Conflict in Early Stuart England* (1989)

John Morrill, *The Revolt of the Provinces* (1976)

Wallace Notestein, *The Winning of the Initiative by the House of Commons* (1924)

J.G.A. Pocock, *The Ancient Constitution and the Feudal Law* (1957)

Conrad Russell, *The Causes of the English Civil War* (1990)

J.P. Sommerville, *Politics and Ideology in England, 1603-1640* (1986)

David Underdown, *Revel, Riot and Rebellion* (1985)

17th-Century Imperialism (10)

Why did England become an imperial state? Why did an authoritarian culture develop in the British colonies? How did the instability at home affect early imperial endeavors?

Alison Games, *The Web of Empire* (2008)

Carla Pestana, *The English Atlantic in an Age of Revolution* (2004)

Susan Amussen, *Caribbean Exchanges* (2007)

Steve Pincus, *Protestantism and Patriotism* (2002)

John Elliott, *Empires of the Atlantic World* (2006)

Perry Gauci, *The Politics of Trade* (2001)

Nuala Zahedieh, *The Capital and the Colonies* (2010)

Steven Webb, *The Governors-General* (1979)

David Armitage, *The Ideological Origins of the British Empire* (2000)

Nicholas Canny, *The Origins of Empire* (2001)

Restoration and Revolution (8)

Why was the Restoration initially successful? Why did party politics emerge during the Restoration? Why did it ultimately fail? Why was there a second revolution in 1688?

Tim Harris, *Revolution: The Great Crisis of the British Monarchy, 1685-1720* (2005)

Tim Harris, *Restoration: Charles II and His Kingdoms, 1660-1685* (2006)
Mark Knights, *Representation and Misrepresentation in Later Stuart Britain* (2005)
Steven Pincus, *1688: The First Modern Revolution* (2009)
Richard Ashcraft, *Revolutionary Politics & Locke's Two Treatises of Government* (1986)
W.A. Speck, *Reluctant Revolutionaries* (1988)
G.M. Trevelyan, *The English Revolution* (1965)
Owen Stanwood, *The Empire Reformed* (2011)

18th-Century Imperialism (12)

Why was there an expansion of the British Empire in the aftermath of 1688? Why was there an Anglo-Scottish union? When and why did British politics become imperial politics? Why did Britain adopt aggressive imperial and expansionist policies in the 1760s? Why did Britain experience an imperial crisis after 1763? Why did they lose their American colonies?

P.J. Marshall, *The Making and Unmaking of Empires* (2007)
Jeremy Black, *A System of Ambition?* (1991)
Brendan Simms, *Three Victories and a Defeat* (2008)
Andrew O'Shaughnessy, *An Empire Divided* (2000)
Alison Olson, *Making the Empire Work* (1992)
Nancy Koehn, *The Power of Commerce* (1994)
Fred Anderson, *The Crucible of War* (2000)
Charles M. Andrews, *The Colonial Background of the American Revolution* (1931)
John Brewer, *Party Ideology and Popular Politics at the Accession of George III* (1981)
Lewis Namier, *The Structure of Politics at the Accession of George III* (1957)
David Hancock, *Citizens of the World* (1995)
Eliga Gould, *The Persistence of Empire* (2000)

18th-Century Political Culture and Political Economy (14)

Why was there a growth of political stability in the mid-Hanoverian period? To what extent was it illusory? Why did the British economy diverge? Why was there a rise in political tension in the reign in George III?

P.G.M. Dickson, *The Financial Revolution in England* (1967)
Bruce Carruthers, *City of Capital* (1996)
John Brewer, *The Sinews of Power* (1989)
Linda Colley, *Britons* (1992)
Linda Colley, *In Defiance of Oligarchy* (1982)
Kathleen Wilson, *The Sense of the People* (1995)
J.C.D. Clark, *English Society, 1660-1832* (2000)
H.T. Dickinson, *Liberty and Property* (1979)
Geoffrey Holmes, *British Politics in the Age of Anne* (1987)

Paul Langford, *Polite and Commercial People, 1727-1783* (1998)
J.H. Plumb, *The Growth of Political Stability in England, 1675-1725* (1974)
Nicholas Rogers, *Whigs and Cities* (1990)
Daniel Szechi, *The Jacobites* (1994)
Bob Harris, *Politics and the Nation* (2002)

Religion (11)

Why did English religious culture become so divisive in the seventeenth century? What were the effects of the Revolution of 1688-9 on religion? What role did religion, particularly the Church of England, play (or fail to play) in the growth of the empire?

Christopher Hill, *The World Turned Upside Down* (1973)
J.F. McGregor, *Radical Religion in the English Revolution* (1984)
Martin Griffin, *Latitudinarianism in the Seventeenth-Century Church of England* (1962, 1988)
C.J. Sommerville, *The Secularization of Early Modern England* (1992)
Jean-Louis Quantin, *The Church of England and Christian Antiquity* (2009)
J.A.I. Champion, *The Pillars of Priestcraft Shaken* (1992)
James Bell, *The Imperial Origins of the King's Church in Early America* (2004)
Carl Bridenbaugh, *Mitre and Sceptre* (1962)
Peter Doll, *Revolution, Religion and National Identity* (2000)
Rowan Strong, *Anglicanism and the British Empire, c.1700-1850* (2007)
Richard Vaudry, *Anglicans and the Atlantic World* (2003)